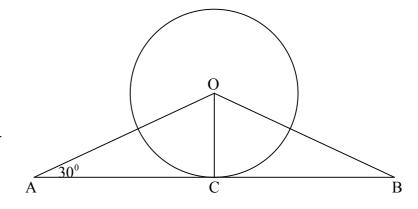
### Angles in Circles S1-S3, National 4

Triangle AOB is isosceles.
AB is a tangent to the circle.
Angle CAO is 30<sup>0</sup>.

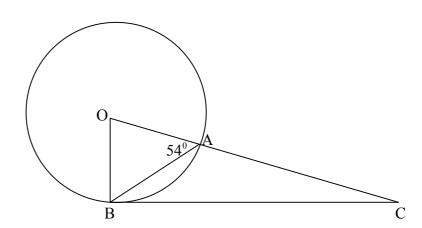
Calculate the size of angle BOC.



#### 2. In the triangle opposite

OB is a radius of the circle BC is a tangent to the circle Angle OAB =  $54^{\circ}$ .

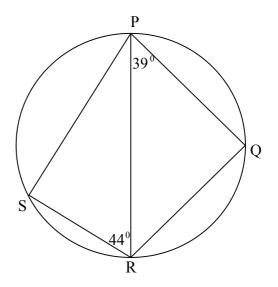
Calculate angle BCA.



#### 3. PR is a diameter of the circle.

Angle PRS is  $44^0$ Angle QPR is  $39^0$ .

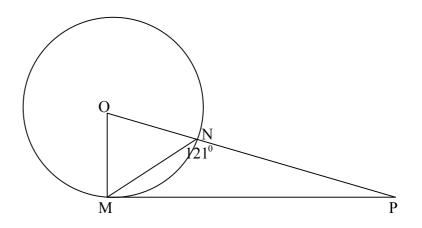
Calculate the size of angle SRQ.



### 4. In the diagram

OM is a radius of the circle MP is a tangent to the circle Angle MNP =  $121^{0}$ 

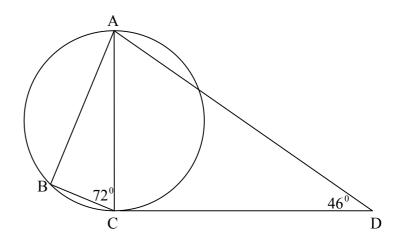
Calculate angle MPN.



# 5. AC is a diameter of the circle. CD is a tangent to the circle.

Angle ACB = 
$$72^{\circ}$$
.  
Angle CDA =  $46^{\circ}$ .

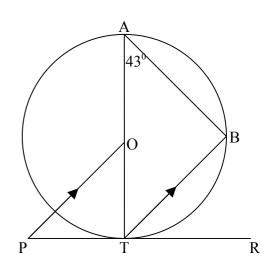
Calculate the size of angle DAB.



# 6. PTR is a tangent to the circle, centre O. Angle BAT = $43^{\circ}$ .

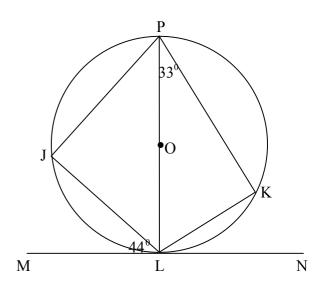
PO is parallel to TB.

Calculate the size of angle OPT.



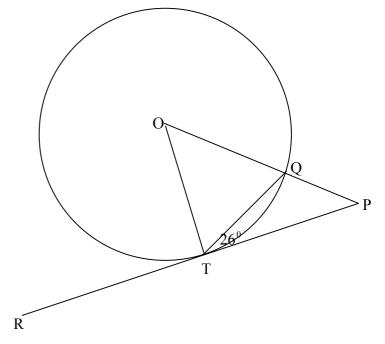
7. MLN is a tangent to the circle, centre O.
Angle JLM is 44<sup>0</sup>.
Angle KPL is 33<sup>0</sup>.

Find the size of angle KLJ.



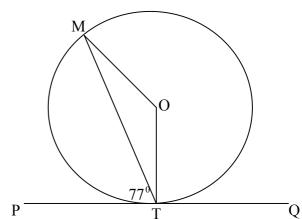
8. RP is a tangent to the circle, centre O. Angle QTP is 26<sup>0</sup>.

Calculate the size of angle OPT.



9. PTQ is a tangent to the circle, centre O. Angle MTP = 77<sup>0</sup>.

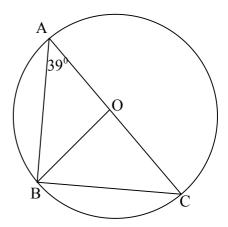
Calculate the size of angle MOT.



10. In the diagram O is the centre of the circle.

AC is a diameter. B is a point on the circumference. Angle BAC =  $39^{\circ}$ .

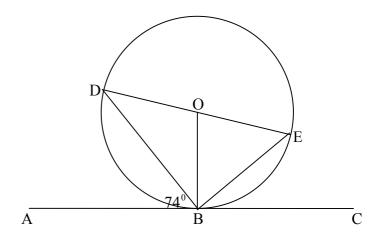
Calculate angle BOC.



11. The diagram shows a circle centre O. AC is a tangent to the circle.

Angle DBA is 74<sup>0</sup>.

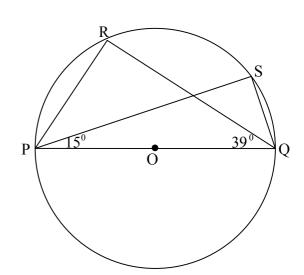
Calculate the size of angle BOE.



12. PQ is a diameter of the circle, centre O. R and S are points on the circumference.

Angle SPQ is 15<sup>0</sup>. Angle RQP is 39<sup>0</sup>.

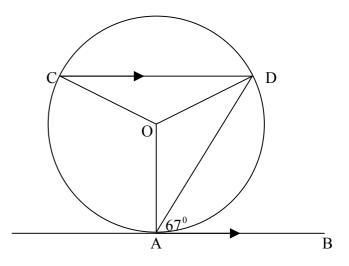
Calculate the size of angle RPS.



13. AB is a tangent to the circle, centre O. CD is parallel to AB.

Angle DAB = 
$$67^{\circ}$$
.

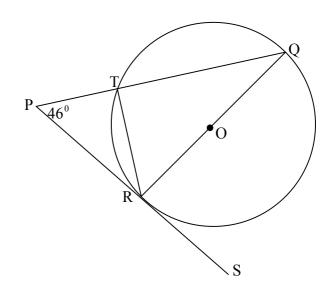
Calculate the size of angle CDO.



14. A circle, centre O, is shown.

QR is a diameter. PS is a tangent to the circle. Angle RPT =  $46^{\circ}$ .

Calculate the size of angle TRS.



15. AB is the diameter of a circle, centre O.

OC intersects the circle at D.

Angle CBO = 
$$32^{\circ}$$
.  
Angle DAB =  $66^{\circ}$ .

Calculate the size of angle BCO.

