## Calculating the area of a parallelogram, kite and trapezium

1. Calculate the areas of these shapes:


(c)

2. The areas of these shapes have been given. Calculate the value of $x$ in each one.
(a) $\quad A=96 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(b) $\quad A=42 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

(c)
3. A window ledge is shaped like a trapezium with dimensions as shown in the diagram.

It is to be tiled with tiles which cost $£ 12.40$ per square metre.


Calculate the cost of tiling the window ledge.

## Investigating the surface of a prism

$>$ In this exercise, answers should be given correct to one decimal place where necessary.
$>$ Use $\boldsymbol{\pi}=\mathbf{3} \cdot 14$ in all calculations.

1. A container designed to hold mustard is open ended and has the net shown in the diagram below


Calculate the area of this net.
2. (a) What is the mathematical name given to this 3D shape?
(b) How many faces, edges and vertices does it have?
(c) Calculate the surface area of it.
3. A gift box is made up from the net shown in the diagram.

(a) What is the mathematical name given to the 3D shape made from this net?
(b) Given that the circles in the net have diameter 12 cm and the height of the 3 D shape is 4 cm , calculate the curved surface area of the shape.

## Calculating the volume of a prism

1. Calculate the volumes of these prisms.
(a)

(b)

$[2,2]$
2. Calculate the volumes of these prisms:

(b)


[3, 2, 2]
3. Jake has 100 cube shaped building blocks of centimetres which he is trying to pack measuring 45 cm by 25 cm by 10 cm .

side 5

Will all the blocks fit in the box? If not, how many will he be left with?
4. A water container in the shape of a cylinder diameter 20 centimetres and height centimetres is shown below. are not drawn to scale]
(a) Calculate the volume of the cylinder, in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$. [ take $\left.\pi=3 \cdot 14\right]$

(b) The cylinder is full of water. The water is then poured from the cylinder into 1000 small cuboid-shaped containers which will be frozen to produce small ice blocks.

The water in the cylinder exactly fills the 1000 containers.
Each cuboid has a square base of side 2 cm and a height of $\boldsymbol{h c m}$.
Calculate the height ( $\boldsymbol{h}$ ) of each small container.

[20 marks]

