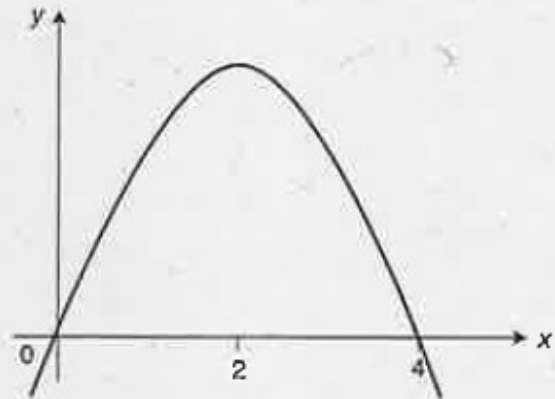


TEST PAPER K

1. For what values of x is the function $x^3 - 3x - 5$ decreasing? Make a rough sketch to illustrate your answer.
2. If P and Q are points on the curve $3xy = -2$ with x coordinates 1 and -1 respectively, find the gradient of PQ.
3. By expressing $3x$ as $(2x + x)$ and x as $(2x - x)$, find $\cos(3x) + \cos x$.
4. By the method of completing the square, find the minimum value of $2x^2 + x + 2$.
5. If $\frac{x-2y}{3} = \frac{y-2x}{2}$, find the value of $\frac{7x-2y}{3x+y}$.
6. If $f(x) = x^2 - 3$ and $g(x) = 2 - x$, find $f(g(2))$.

7. The sketch shows the function $f(x)$.
Make a rough sketch of $f'(x)$.



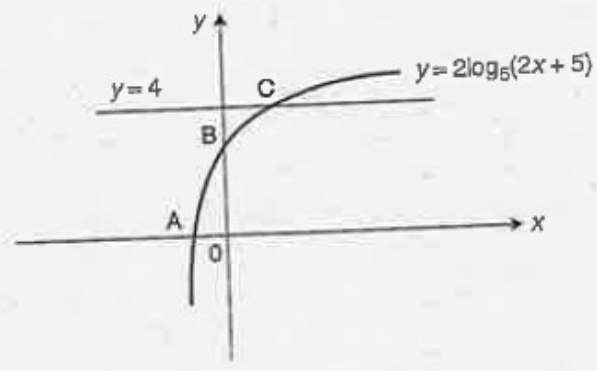
8. Evaluate $\int_1^4 \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$.

9. Find $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)$ if $f(x) = 2 \cos 3x$.

10. A circle has equation $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8y = 0$.

Find the equation of the circle under reflection in the x -axis.

11. Find the coordinates of A, B and C when the equation of the curve is $y = 2 \log_5(2x + 5)$ and the equation of the line is $y = 4$.



12. Given $A = (3, -1, 0)$, $B = (2, 0, 1)$ and $C = (1, 1, -1)$, show that angle $ABC = 90^\circ$.